Enrollment No: $\qquad$ Exam Seat No: $\qquad$

## C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

WinterExamination-2015

## Subject Name:Numerical Analysis

## Subject Code: 4SC03MTE1

Branch: B.Sc. (Mathematics,Physics)

Semester: 3 Date: 08/12/2015 Time: 02:30 To 05:30 Marks: 70
Instructions:
(1) Use of Programmable calculator \& any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
(2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
(3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
(4) Assume suitable data if needed.

Attempt the following questions:
a) Subtract the approximate numbers 57.4662from 786.85 .
b) Round off the following numbers correct to four significant figures:

$$
\text { i) } 5.2056 \text {, ii) } 0.0055672
$$

c) Construct a difference table for $y=x^{3}+2 x+1$, for $x=1,2,3,4,5$.
d) Prove that $\Delta \cdot \nabla=\Delta-\nabla$.
e) Write Lagrange's inverse interpolation formula.
f) Construct a divided difference table forthe following data

| $x$ | 5 | 15 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 7 | 36 | 160 |

g) If $y=4 x^{6}-5 x$, find the percentage error in $y$ at $x=1$, if the error in $x=0.04$.
h) Prove that $\mu=\frac{1}{2}\left[E^{\frac{1}{2}}+E^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right]$.
i) Write Stirling's interpolation formula.
j) Bessel's formula is most appropriate when $p$ lies between $\qquad$
k) Gauss forward interpolation formula involves odd difference below the central line and even differences on the central line. Determine whether the statement is True or False?

1) The $n^{\text {th }}$ divided difference of a polynomial of degree $n$ is zero. Determine whether the statement is True or False?
m) Divided differences are not symmetric functions of their argument. Determine whether the statement is True or False?
n) If the interval of differencing be unity, then $\Delta^{n}[x]^{n}=n$ !. Determine whether the statement is True or False?

## Attempt any four questions from $\mathbf{Q}-2$ to $\mathbf{Q - 8}$

a)

## Attempt all questions

a) If $u=\frac{5 x^{3} z^{3}}{3 y^{2}}$ and error $x, y, z$ are $0.001,0.0001,0.000001$. Find relative maximum error in $u$ at $x=1, y=2$ and $z=3$.
b) Determine $y(12)$ by Lagrange interpolation from the following values.

| $x$ | 11 | 13 | 14 | 18 | 20 | 23 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ | 25 | 47 | 68 | 82 | 102 | 124 |

c) Write down the approximate representation of $\frac{2}{3}$ correct to four significant figures and then find: i) Absolute error, ii) Relative error, iii) Percetage error.

Attempt all questions
a) Given the following table:

| $x$ | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 1.0 | 1.6 | 3.8 | 8.2 | 15.4 |

Construct the difference table and compute $f(21)$ by using Newton's Backward formula.
b) Using Newton's divided difference formula, find $f(x)$ from the following data

| $x$ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 0 | 8 | 0 | -72 | 0 | 1008 |

c) Show that
i) $\Delta[f(x) \cdot \phi(x)]=f(x+h) \cdot \Delta \phi(x)+\phi(x) \cdot \Delta f(x)$,
ii) $\Delta\left[\frac{f(x)}{\phi(x)}\right]=\frac{\phi(x) \cdot \Delta f(x)-f(x) \cdot \Delta \phi(\mathrm{x})}{\phi(x+h) \phi(x)},[\phi(x) \neq 0]$


## Attempt all questions

a) State and prove Newton's Divided difference interpolation formula.
c) Prove that $\Delta \log f(x)=\log \left[1+\frac{\Delta f(x)}{f(x)}\right]$.
b) Use Lagrange's formula to express the function $\frac{x^{2}+x-3}{x^{3}-2 x^{2}-x+2}$ as a sum of partial fractions.
c) Evaluate the missing terms in the following table.


| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 0 | $?$ | 8 | 15 | $?$ | 35 |

## Q-8 Attempt all questions

a) State and prove Lagrange's interpolation formula.
b) From the following table, find $f(34)$ using Laplace Everett's formula.

| $x$ | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y=f(x)$ | 11.4699 | 12.7834 | 13.7648 | 14.4982 | 15.0463 |

c) If $f(x)=\frac{1}{x^{2}}$, find the divided differences $[a, b]$ and $[a, b, c]$.


